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ECHO[®] MOLST & ECHO[®] eMOLST: Honoring Preferences at End-of-life

COVID-19: Why It Matters



MEDICAL ORDERS FOR LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT A POLST Paradigm Program



Excellus 🗟 🕅 New York

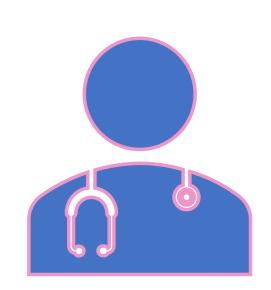
Session 9 eMOLST: Digital Transformation of MOLST Program

Presenter

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The speaker has no significant financial conflicts of interest to disclose.

Learning Objectives



- Define eMOLST
- Discuss why eMOLST represents "best practice"
- Explain the value to patients, families, providers and health systems
- Recognize why physicians, NPS and PAs found eMOLST to be the ideal tool for documenting patient-centered goals and the ethical legal requirements for making end-of-life decisions during the COVID-19 pandemic

NYSeMOLSTregistry.com

- Secure website, free public health service, available statewide, patient-centered, integration with EMRs available but *not* required
 - Standardized process for **online** MOLST completion
 - Combines 8-Step MOLST Protocol & 7 Checklists
 - **Registry** of NYeMOLST forms across NYS
 - Provider can print a PDF of MOLST form
- Improves quality, patient safety, accuracy and provides access to MOLST & discussion in an emergency

Promotes coordinated, person-centered care by improving workflow **within and across** facilities



8-Step MOLST Protocol



1. Prepare for discussion

- Understand patient's health status, prognosis & ability to consent
- Retrieve completed Advance Directives
- Determine decision-maker & PHL legal requirements
- 2. Determine what the patient/family know
- 3. Explore goals, hopes and expectations
- 4. Suggest realistic goals
- 5. Respond empathetically
- 6. Use MOLST to guide choices & finalize patient wishes
 - Shared, informed medical decision-making and conflict resolution

7. Complete and sign MOLST in eMOLST

- Follow PHL and document conversation
- 8. Review and revise periodically

MOLST Instructions and Checklists Ethical Framework/Legal Requirements

<u>Checklist #1</u> - Adult patients with medical decision-making capacity (<u>any setting</u>)

<u>Checklist #2</u> - Adult patients without medical decision-making capacity who have a health care proxy (*any setting*)

<u>Checklist #3</u> - Adult <u>hospital or nursing home</u> patients without medical decision-making capacity who do <u>not</u> have a health care proxy, and decision-maker <u>is</u> a Public Health Law Surrogate (surrogate selected from the surrogate list); includes hospice

<u>Checklist #4</u> - Adult <u>hospital or nursing home</u> patients without medical decision-making capacity who do <u>not</u> have a health care proxy <u>or</u> a Public Health Law Surrogate (+/- hospice eligible)

<u>Checklist #5</u> - Adult patients without medical decision-making capacity who do not have a health care proxy, and the MOLST form is being completed in the <u>community</u>.

Checklist for Minor Patients - (any setting)

<u>Checklist for Developmentally Disabled who lack capacity</u> – (any <u>setting</u>) **must** travel with the patient's MOLST

http://www.nyhealth.gov/professionals/patients/patient_rights/molst/

End-of-life Conversations Pre-COVID-19



Face-to-face

Include family, medical decision-maker
Team-based approach within scope of practice
Authority & accountability
May require a series of conversations

Value of Advance Care Planning and NY eMOLST During COVID-19 Crisis

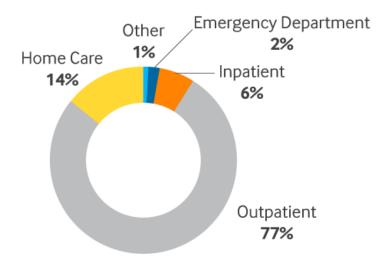


Interest in eMOLST escalated with rapid adoption of telemedicine. Urgent Access to eMOLST grew exponentially with COVID-19 crisis.

Rapid Implementation of eMOLST During COVID Crisis Mount Sinai Health System

Practice Location When eMOLST Completed

Virtually all of these visits were completed using telehealth.



Source: Brookdale Department of Geriatrics and Palliative Medicine, Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai, New York NEJM Catalyst (catalyst.nejm.org) © Massachusetts Medical Society

Baharlou, S, Orem, K, Kelley, A, Aldridge, M, Popp, B (2020) Rapid Implementation of eMOLST Order Completion and Electronic Registry to Facilitate Advance Care Planning: MOLST Documentation Using Telehealth in the Covid-19 Pandemic. NEJM Catalyst Commentary November 3, 2020

Lessons Learned: Rapid Implementation of eMOLST During COVID Crisis

- 1. If we did not act, many patients at highest risk for the worst outcomes of Covid-19 would arrive in the ED with no relevant information available about their wishes and be at risk for goal-discordant care.
- 2. Understanding the value of medical orders in ACP made eMOLST the best tool to solve this problem.
- 3. Crises demand rapid system evolution, collaboration, and leadership: don't let the perfect be the enemy of the good.
- 4. Interdisciplinary team engagement is needed when a crisis requires "all hands on deck."
- 5. Use bite-sized training and education and make experts available in a time of crisis.
- 6. Seize the opportunity to change and incorporate telehealth workflow.
- 7. Patients understand a crisis, are willing to adapt, and are willing to have difficult conversations using telehealth.

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NYSeMOLSTRegistry.com 12/31/2020

- More than 56,000 users (45% ①)
- Approximately 50,000 live patients (24% ①)
- Median age: 82
- **Resuscitation Preferences**
 - 82% DNR; 18% Attempt CPR
- Intubation & Ventilation
 - 72% DNI; 19% Trial; 9% Intubate
- Hospitalization
 - Do Not Send 21%; Send 44%; Decision Deferred 35% ٠

- **Rapid Implementation Mount Sinai** 2020 COVID-19 Crisis
- 193 patients
- Median age: 86
- Resuscitation Preferences
 - 87.43% DNR; 12.57% Attempt CPR
- Intubation & Ventilation
 - 67.76% DNI; Trial 25.68% Intubate 4.37%

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eMOLST Data

System Implementation Quality Improvement Activity Tools Available

Pathways for eMOLST Use eMOLST Registry Link to EMR RHIOs + Research SHIN-NY

- Single-Sign On (SSO): allows eMOLST user to log into eMOLST automatically when their login credentials are passed to eMOLST from an authorized source
- Single Sign-On with Patient Context: allows SSO plus automates the search for a patient during the login process by sending information on the patient inside the special message.
- Application Programming Interface (API): allows a trusted system to query eMOLST for relevant information on a specific patient or to see if a patient matching those details even exists in the eMOLST registry. More granular information such as order status can also be delivered.

Pathways for eMOLST Use Integration Options

Electronic End-of-Life and POLST Documentation Access through HIE. (2019). The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology. (NYeMOLST, pp14-19) <u>link</u>

eMOLST Tools

- <u>eMOLST Program Manual</u> Explains the eMOLST system. Read in its entirety. See page 4 for the "Getting Started" checklist.
- <u>eMOLST Participation Agreement & BAA</u> Should be reviewed, signed by facility legal representative at your facility & returned. We will co-sign and return a copy to you for your records.
- <u>eMOLST Project Planner</u> Workplan can be customized to meet your facility's needs.
- <u>eMOLST Team Template</u> Identify team members essential to a successful eMOLST launch. In addition to a physician & system eMOLST champion, include the CIO, Chief Nursing Officer and Head of Social Work, etc.
- <u>Model Policy & Procedure for Different Settings</u> P&P includes ACP, Advance Directives and MOLST. *N.B.* document last updated in 2017 and does not include recent legislative changes for NPs & PAs.





Dr. Patricia Bomba, eMOLST Program Director



eMOLST Videos Demonstrate eMOLST Value

- <u>eMOLST Overview</u> Gives a general overview of eMOLST and the benefits to eMOLST use
- <u>Nursing Home Physician's View</u> A LTC physician gives insights into the benefits of eMOLST
- <u>NYSDOH Attorney's Perspective</u> Benefits of eMOLST from a legal perspective



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Bomba, PA (2017). Supporting the patient voice: building the foundation of shared decision-making. Generations, 41(1), 21-30

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Bomba, P.A., & Karmel, J.B. (2015). Medical, ethical and legal obligations to honor individual preferences near the end of life. NYSBA Health Law Journal, 20(2), 28-33.

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Bomba, P. A. (2011). Landmark legislation in New York affirms benefits of a two-step approach to advance care planning including MOLST: a model of shared, informed medical decision-making and honoring patient preferences for care at the end of life. *Widener L. Rev.*, 17, 475 Bomba PA, Black J. The POLST: *An improvement over traditional advance directives*. <u>Cleveland Clinic Journal of Medicine</u>. 2012; 79(7): 457-64

For additional articles, see: <u>https://molst.org/implementation-tools/research-references/</u>

Websites: MOLST.org and CompassionAndSupport.org and NYSeMOLSTregistry.com

Effective MOLST/eMOLST Implementation Requires a Multidimensional Approach to Advance Care Planning

- 1. Culture change*
- 2. Professional training of physicians, clinicians & other professionals*
- 3. Public advance care planning education, engagement & empowerment*
- 4. Thoughtful discussions*
- 5. Shared, informed medical decision-making*
- 6. Care planning that supports MOLST
- 7. System implementation, policies and procedures, workflow, quality improvement
- 8. Dedicated system and physician champion
- 9. Leverage existing payment stream (CPT codes 99497 and 99498) to encourage upstream shared, informed, decision making*
- 10. Standardized interoperable online completion and retrieval system available in all care settings to ensure accuracy and accessibility (i.e. <u>NYSeMOLSTregistry.com</u>)*

<u>FUTURE</u>: Sustainable payment stream based on improved compliance with patient goals, preferences for care & treatment, improved patient/family satisfaction, reduced *unwanted* hospitalizations/ED visits

*Recommended by the 2014 IOM *Dying in America* report

Overcoming Barriers

ACP CPT Codes 99497/99498 and eMOLST

- 99497- Explanation, MOLST discussion, completion
 (when performed), by physician or qualified providers
 - first 30 minutes (at least 16 mins of time spent performing services described in the code)
 - face-to-face with patient, family member(s), HCA and/or surrogate (2016)
 - conversations are billable under telehealth benefit (2017)

99498- each additional 30 minutes

- at least 16 mins beyond the first 30 mins
- may be billed as many times as needed to cover time spent
- list separately in addition to code for primary procedure

• "Additional:

- No limits on number of times it can be reported
- If required minimum time isn't spent, bill a different E&M code, providing the requirements are met.



ACP Covered Services and eMOLST CPT codes 99497 and 99498

- Discussion of goals and preferences for care
- Complex medical decision-making regarding life-threatening or life-limiting illness.
- Explanation of MOLST, including (but NOT requiring) completion of eMOLST
- Thoughtful MOLST discussions may require more than 1 visit before completion
- Engaging patients, family members, HCA and/or surrogate decision makers, as clinical situation requires, including review & renewal eMOLST



- Physicians (MD/DO), NPs, PAs have authority and accountability for MOLST under PHL; only physicians under SCPA 1750-b
- Other team members via applicable 'incident to" requirements
- Other providers (SW, psychology, chaplains) may not report codes independently.
- Aligns with authority & accountability for MOLST under PHL
- Can use codes in <u>any</u> clinical setting (inpatient, observation, ED, clinic, home, adult care facilities, SNF, LTC)

Why eMOLST: Aligns with Value Based Payment Models

- Improves quality of discussion of patient values, beliefs and goals for care to drive choice of LST
- Honors individual preferences by providing MOLST orders and copy of discussion across care transitions
- *Reduces unwanted* hospitalizations, ED use, service utilization & expense
- CNY case example



EMERGENCY

eMOLST Case Central NY, 2014

- Elderly gentleman with multiple medical problems, including COPD with recurrent acute respiratory exacerbations & recurrent hospitalizations
- Has Health Care Proxy, MOLST form
- Presents to ER with acute respiratory insufficiency; MOLST form left on refrigerator
- Patient evaluated & treated
- <u>Plan</u>: intubation & mechanical ventilation and transfer to SUNY Upstate
- MD in ER signed into eMOLST goals for care: functionality, remain at home. eMOLST: DNR & DNI
- Patient admitted, treated conservatively, discharged home. Patient died peacefully 2 months later.

Key Points: Why eMOLST?

eMOLST use is strongly encouraged for all appropriate patients, including individuals with I/DD.



eMOLST integrates the 8-Step MOLST Protocol, DOH Checklists and OPWDD Checklist.



When the physician, NP or PA signs eMOLST, it is immediately part of the eMOLST Registry.



A PDF of eMOLST & copy of the discussion and ethical/legal requirements can be printed on "pulsar pink" paper from the eMOLST registry for use across care transitions. EMS needs a copy.



Using eMOLST will ensure all documentation is seamlessly completed.

Key Points: Why eMOLST

Only way to ensure quality and patient safety and be sure MOLST is done correctly.



Too often, discussions are poorly done or done outside scope of practice.



Incompatible medical orders (CPR + DNI) exist and put health systems at risk.



NHs send patients against their wishes, if they do not use or check MOLST and/or have not developed an adequate care plan to support treatment in place.

Messages we hear from health systems who are doing MOLST correctly and using eMOLST.

eMOLST Demo

NYSeMOLSTregistry.com

